

Eka Widhi Yunarso (EWD)
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Digunakan dilingkungan internal prodi
D3 Manajemen Informatika, Fakultas
Ilmu Terapan, Universitas Telkom


## Basis Path Testing

## TECHNIQUES FOR TESTING - DYNAMIC

## Basis Path Testing

" a white-box testing technique, proposed by Tom McCabe, 1976
" to derive a logical complexity measure of a procedural design, and use this measure as a guide for defining a basis set of execution paths
" test cases derived to exercise every statement and branch in the program at least once during testing (statement/branch coverage)

- if every condition in a compound condition is considered, condition coverage can be achieved
- Steps:
- Draw a (control) flow graph, using the flowchart or the code
- Calculate the cyclomatic complexity, using the flow graph
" Determine the basis set of linearly independent paths
- Design test cases to exercise each path in the basis set


## BASIS PATH TESTING

## Flow Graph

" used to depict program control structure
" can be drawn from a flowchart (a procedural design representation)
" can be drawn from a piece of source code

- Flow Graph Notation
- a flow graph composed of edges and nodes
" an edge starts from a node and ends to another node



## BASIS PATH TESTING

## Flow Graph

Draw a flow graph from source code
1 procedure insert( $a, b, n, x)$
2 begin bool found:=false;
3 for $\mathrm{I}:=1$ to n do
4 if $a[1]=x$
5 then found:=true; goto leave endif
6 enddo;
7 leave:
8 if found
9 then $\mathrm{b}[1]:=\mathrm{b}[1]+1$
10 else $n:=n+1 ; a[n]:=x ; b[n]:=1$ endif
11 end insert


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## BASIS PATH TESTING

## Flow Graph

- Draw a flow graph from a flowchart


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## BASIS PATH TESTING

## Cyclomatic Complexity

" a software metric that provides a quantitative measure of the logical complexity of a program

- Basis set: is a maximal linearly independent set of paths through a graph
" An independent path: is any path through a program that introduces at least one new set of processing statements or a new condition (l.e. at least one new edge in a flow graph)
- Cyclomatic complexity defines the number of independent path in the basis set of a program
" gives an upper bound for the number of tests that must be conducted to achieve statement/branch/condition coverage
- How to calculate cyclomatic complexity:

$$
c c=e-n+2 p
$$

" e-number of edges; n - number of nodes; p - number of components;
" if all nodes in a graph are connected, then $p=1$, thus

$$
\mathrm{cc}=\mathrm{e}-\mathrm{n}+2
$$

## BASIS PATH TESTING: EXAMPLE 1

## 1. Draw a flow graph

0 /*Finding the maximum of three integers*/
1 \#include <stdio.h>
2 intmaximum(int, int, int);
3 main()\{
4 int $a, b, c$;
5 printf(("Enter three integers: ");
6 scanf("\%d\%d\%d", \&a,\&b,\&c);
7 printf("Maximum is: \%d\n", maximum(a,b,c));
8 \}
9 int maximum(int $x$, int $y$, int $z$ ) \{
10 int $\max =x$;
11 if( $y>$ max $)$
12 max=y;
3 if( $z>$ max )
14 max=z;
15 return max
$16\}$


## BASIS PATH TESTING: EXAMPLE 1

2. Calculate cyclomatic complexity
" $e=7, n=6, p=1$; so that $c c=7-6+2=3$
3. Identify a basis set of independent paths

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
= & \text { p1: a-b-c-d-e-f }(y>x, z>y) \\
" & \text { p2: } a-b-d-e-f(y<=x, z>x) \\
" & \text { p3: } a-b-c-d-f(y>x, z<=y)
\end{array}
$$

4. Design test cases Test data Expected Actual Pass/fail case ( $x, y, z$ ) result result
p1 2, 3, 4 4
p2 3, 1,6 6
p3 5, 7, 3
7

## BASIS PATH TESTING: EXAMPLE 2

1. Draw a flow graph
" see slide 6-24: source code, flow graph
2. Calculate cyclomatic complexity
"e = 12; n = 10; p = 1
" cc = $12-10+2 \times 1=4$
3. Determine a basis set of independent paths
" expect to specify 4 independent paths
" p1: 1-2-3-7-8-9-1 1
" p2: 1-2-3-4-5-7-8-9-11
" p3: 1-2-3-4-5-7-8-10-11
" p4: 1-2-3-4-6-3-7-8-10-11 (1 or more times)
" HOWEVER: by reading source code, we found

- 3-7 => 10; 5 => 9
- p1 and p3 must be modified


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## BASIS PATH TESTING: EXAMPLE 2

## 3. Determine a basis set of independent paths

" if p3 modified, it would be the same as p2. Thus p3 should be deleted.
" But the new paths introduced by p3 (8-10-11) must be covered by other paths! We found p4 covers them.

- Modify p1, delete p3, we can have three independent paths
" pl: 1-2-3-7-8-10-11
- p2: 1-2-3-4-5-7-8-9-1 1
" p3: 1-2-3-4-6-3-7-8-10-11
- if you study the program carefully, you will find the following is better
" pl: 1-2-3-7-8-10-11 (insert $x$ when $a[]$ is empty)
" p2: 1-2-3-4-5-7-8-9-1 1 (insert $x$ when $a[1]=x$ )
" p3: 1-2-3-4-6-3-4-5-7-8-9-11 (insert $x$ when $a[i]=x, i>1, n>=i)$
" p4: 1-2-3-4-6-3-7-8-10-1 1 (insert $x$ when $a[]$ is not empty and $x$ is not in $a[] ; p 4$ does not introduce any new edge but it exercises a new combination of the program logic!)


## BASIS PATH TESTING: EXAMPLE 2

## 4. Design test cases

- Path 1 test case: 1-2-3-7-8-10-11 (insert $x$ when $a[]$ is empty)
- input data: $n=0 ; x=8 ; a[1]=0 ; b[1]=0$;
" expected results: $a[1]=8 ; b[1]=1 ; n=1$;
- Path 2 test case: 1-2-3-4-5-7-8-9-11 (insert $x$ when $a[1]=x$ )
- input data: $n=3 ; x=9 ; a[1]=9 ; a[2]=2 ; a[3]=3 ; b[1]=2 ; b[2]=5 ; b[3]=8$;
" expected results: b[1]=3
- Path 3 test case: 1-2-3-4-6-3-4-5-7-8-9-1 1 (insert $x$ when $a[i]=x, i>1, n>=i$ )
" input data: $n=3 ; x=3 ; a[1]=9 ; a[2]=2 ; a[3]=3 ; b[1]=3 ; b[2]=2 ; b[3]=8$;
- expected results: b[3]=9
- Path 4 test case: 1-2-3-4-6-3-7-8-10-11 (insert $x$ when $a[]$ is not empty and $x$ is not in a[])
" input data: $n=3 ; x=6 ; a[1]=9 ; a[2]=2 ; a[3]=3 ; b[1]=3 ; b[2]=2 ; b[3]=8$;
- expected results: $a[4]=6 ; b[4]=1 ; n=4$;


## LATIHAN

```
i=1;
total.input = total.valid = 0;
sum = 0;
DO WHILE value[i] <> -999 AND total.input < 100
    increment total.input by 1;
        IF value[i] >= minimum and value[i] <= maximum
            THEN increment total.valid by 1;
                sum = sum + value[i]
            ELSE skip
        ENDIF
        increment l by 1;
ENDDO
IF total.valid > 0
    THEN average = sum / total.valid;
    ELSE average = -999;
ENDIF
END average
```


## LATIHAN

1. Buatlah Flowgrap dari potongan badan program di atas!
2. Tentukan:
a) Berapa jumlah predicate node
b) Berapa nilai $V(G)$
3. Tuliskan berapa independent path dari flowgrap di atas!
4. Desainlah basis path test cases-nya (lihat contoh di materi)!

Kumpulkan sebagai tugas individu, kirim melalui email dengan subject basis_path maksimal hari ini, Senin 12 Maret 2018 pukul 08.00 WIB

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